Introduction

Often times, players and families search for information on the recruitment process and college soccer with little help and guidance. Many important questions pop up, including, “When should I start looking at college? Who should I contact? How should I contact them? What tests do I need to take? What are the rules for NCAA Athletics? What is the NCAA Clearinghouse? How do I start the who recruitment process?”

The most important information is to know that there are many different avenues to take with the recruitment process and every player and family’s path is different. All Programs handle their recruiting process differently, as well as their prospective student-athletes. The one common factor is that there is a lot of information each family needs to know before starting this eventful process.

Every player should first make a list of schools that they would enjoy attending. This includes area of the country, academic programs of interest, weather, traditions, values and cost. Other things to consider are if you like the Soccer Program’s style of play, whether you’ll play as a Freshman and if that matters to you. You have to be honest with yourself about where you might fit in academically and if you can see yourself being happy there, even if you don’t play soccer at that school. One of the most important things to remember is to work hard and keep your grades up, starting with your Freshman year in High School. GRADES MATTER!!

It is also extremely important to know that there are only a small percent of players across the country playing soccer in College. Of those, an even smaller percent are earning Athletic Scholarships. Additionally, of those that do earn an Athletic Scholarship, a tiny fraction are full-rides (meaning tuition, room and board, and books are paid for fully by the University).

Every level of College Athletics (NCAA Division I, II, III, NAIA, Junior College) has different rules throughout the recruitment process, so be sure to get informed and ask lots of questions! So do your homework and know that there are no stupid questions.
As you go through the following information, please follow along with the following NCAA Publication which can be found at: http://www.ncaapublications.com/productdownloads/CBSA.pdf.

This publication is from the 2013-2014 academic year and goes right along with what you will read in our document. The process of your High School Student-Athlete trying to find a college requires the parent and student to be well informed and the NCAA Guide along with this document needs to be read.

We hope that you find this information valuable and we are able to help you with your questions and concerns in this sometimes confusing, but exciting process.

**The Myth vs. The Reality**

The majority of students and parents believe talented high school athletes are actively recruited and offered “full-ride” sports scholarships by Division I college coaches. The reality is that only 2% of these athletes are “actively recruited” by leading college coaches, leaving the remaining 98% to “recruit themselves” through self-directed efforts. In high school, students should have a clear and concise direction for selecting a college or university program that fits their needs and demonstrate their willingness to improve their technique and acumen to achieve results. Do you have a clear and concise direction for your collegiate future?

One of the more critical steps in the college selection process for student-athletes, their coach, and guidance counselor is the elimination process. Getting noticed by college and university coaches must start early and be maintained if a student-athlete is serious about applying their academic and athletic accomplishment to receive scholarships and be selected to play at the collegiate level. If the student-athlete has not communicated their interest to a variety of programs, and has made little to-no contact with college coaches and admission officers, they will need to work harder. By sizing up strengths and weaknesses, students will have a clear direction for improving their academic and athletic needs to compete at the collegiate level and be successful.

**Common Myths**
- Great players always get full-ride scholarships.
If you’re a good enough player, then your academics don’t matter.

Coaches and Scouts will come and find you

College Coaches care about your team’s results at U12

Being at the right club or high school team will guarantee that you get recruited.

The only option to play college soccer and get a scholarship is at the big D1 Schools.

It’s too late to find somewhere to play.

College athletes don’t have to go to class.

D1 Schools are the best level of play, followed by D2, then D3.

You’re not good enough to play college soccer.

The college coach can get me admitted to the school.

Paying money for club soccer is an investment that will be returned later by a scholarship.

If a coach doesn’t call or write me back then he/she isn’t interested.

Source: [http://www.ncaa.org/about/resources/research/mens-soccer](http://www.ncaa.org/about/resources/research/mens-soccer)

### Odds of a high school athlete playing College Soccer *

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Women</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of High School Soccer players</td>
<td>417,419</td>
<td>374,564</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of College Soccer players</td>
<td>37,890</td>
<td>37,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of High School players competing in College</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>10.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Sources: High school figures from the 2013-14 High School Athletics Participation Survey conducted by the National Federation of State High School Associations. College numbers from the NCAA 2013-14 Sports Sponsorship and Participation Rates Report.*

### College Prep Timeline

**Freshman Year**

- Start planning now! Begin initial search of schools through research.
- Establish a large list of appropriate schools (approximately 30 schools matching soccer ability, academic profile, geographic location, size of school and cost.)
• Visit colleges of interest during school and club breaks (ie: Spring Break, Summer Vacation)
• Attend college camps of interest to get a feel for the campus and coaching staff.
• Take courses that match your school’s list of approved core classes.
• Prepare to look into AP and college prep courses for Sophomore year.
• Aim for A’s and B’s in all of your classes.
• Develop good study skills and habits.
• Join clubs, play sports and volunteer.
• Parents-get involved in the process!

Sophomore Year

• Sign up for and take PSAT/PACT
• Aim for A’s and B’s in all classes.
• Develop good study skills and habits.
• Expand your interests: enrichment programs, camps and college campuses.
• Visit college campuses, take tours, talk to students, research websites.
• Start thinking about potential majors to study.
• Research financial aid, scholarships, and educational requirements.
• Setup meeting with a college counselor at school
• Create a formal cover letter
  o Introduce self with an explanation of who you are, where you are training and at what events you can be seen (include position and jersey number)
  o Let the coach know how you can be an asset to his/her team.
  o Be sure to personalize each letter to the specific college coach.
• Create a formal resume
  o Include only recent information (ie: 9th-12th grades)
  o Start off with all of your personal information (ie: name, Club location, home address, all phone numbers, email addresses, heights, weight, date of birth, year of graduation)
  o Have a section for your academic profile. Provide high school name, address, telephone number, graduation date, GPA, class rank, SAT (PSAT)/ACT (PACT) scores, and list any academic honors and awards.
  o Include a section for your soccer profile with Club and other Information. Be sure to add position played, any personal statistics and honors, and team accomplishments.
• Adapt your college list through visitations and further research.
• Summer Break is an optimal time to attend camps and visit schools of interest.

Junior Year

• Check with college counselor about college preparatory classes and academic plan.
• Register with the NCAA Eligibility Center/NAIA Eligibility Center
• Aim for A’s and B’s in all classes – most important in Junior and Senior Years
• Register in August for SAT/ACT and take SAT/ ACT. Take AP Exams if taking AP Classes (and TOEFEL for students with English as a second language)
● Develop more selective college contact list – begin writing to colleges and coaches.
● Market yourself repeatedly through emails, mailings and phone calls.
● Explore opportunities for college/high school joint enrollment credit.
● Attend college information programs – College Nights/College Fairs.
● Visit college campuses of different types and sizes.
● Review admission applications questions and concerns with counselors.
● Recreate a new cover letter.
  o Introduce self with an explanation of who you are, where you are training and at what events you can be seen (include position and number).
  o Let the coach know how you can be an asset to his/her team.
  o Be sure to personalize each letter to the specific college and coach.
● Summer Break is an optimal time to attend camps and visit schools of interest.
● You can begin to receive calls from college coaches on July 1 of the Summer before your Senior Year.

**Senior Year – September-October**

● Update resume and cover letter
● Keep in constant contact with all colleges through email and phone (update them to any changes). Follow up with a phone call to confirm receipt, to discuss their current collegiate season, and to ask any questions regarding the school and/or soccer program.
● Take/Re-take SAT/ACT (and TOEFEL)
● Set up official or unofficial visits to your top choice schools.
● Narrow your college list through correspondence with the coaches and/or visits
● Take advanced courses for college admissions.
● Review classes schedules with college counselor.
● Aim for A’s and B’s in all of your courses.
● Request referrals from teachers and coaches
● Begin application process in October.
● Research scholarship opportunities.

**Senior Year – November-December**

● Send updated materials along with tournament schedules to any schools of interest via email.
● Follow up with phone calls to confirm receipt of current information and discuss the possibility of playing for them next season.
● Focus on training for optimal performances at competitions.
● Set up more official/unofficial visits to your top choice schools.

**Senior Year – January-February**

● Stay in continual contact with college coaches via written or verbal communications.
● Set up final official or unofficial visits to your top choice schools.
● Complete and file FAFSA
- National Letter of Intent (NLI) can be signed for scholarship athletes.
- Apply for financial aid

**Senior Year – March-April**
- Finalize college decision.
- Notify colleges applied not attending.

**How do I get connected to a college coach?**
There are multiple avenues to getting connected to college coaches. Avoid depending solely on any one of these, as different coaches may have different preferences of how they recruit, or limitations on their ability to see you in different things. These are some of the most common.

### Recruiting Avenues Used by College Coaches

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Cost to you</th>
<th>College Coach Priority</th>
<th>Effectiveness</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>College Showcases</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>Medium to High</td>
<td>Medium (it's a crowded scene)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College ID Camps</td>
<td>Medium to High</td>
<td>Very High</td>
<td>Very High (college coach gets to directly work with you)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Club League Matches</td>
<td>Low to Medium</td>
<td>Medium to High</td>
<td>Low to Medium (depends on level of competition &amp; college coach schedules/logistics)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School Games</td>
<td>Very Low</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>Low to Medium (recruiting done primarily from club, but some coaches look here too)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Player Selection Programs (ODP, PDP)</td>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>High (builds your “player resume”)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other College Coach Reference</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Very High</td>
<td>Very High (it’s a small community of college coaches)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Club DOC Reference</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>High (established relationships)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reference</td>
<td>Characteristics</td>
<td>Sample of Schools in the West Region</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Club Coach</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Medium to High (depends on the club coach)</td>
<td>Gonzaga, San Francisco, Pacific, St Mary’s, Santa Clara, San Diego, Loyola Marymount, Stanford, California, UCLA, Oregon St, San Diego St, UVU, Denver University, Air Force Academy, UNLV, Grand Canyon University, University of New Mexico, University of Portland, University of Washington, Seattle University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School Coach</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Low to Medium (depends on the high school coach)</td>
<td>Cal St Dominguez Hills, Cal Poly Pomona, Chico St, Cal St LA, Cal St San Bernardino, Stanislaus St, Cal St Monterey Bay, Cal St San Marcos, Concordia University, Sonoma St, Notre Dame De Namur, Humboldt St, Cal St East Bay, Holy Names, San Francisco St, Western Washington, Seattle Pacific, Point Loma Nazarene, Biola, Fresno Pacific, Azusa Pacific, Hawaii Pacific, Academy of Art, Chaminade, Dominican, Hawaii-Hilo, Montana St Billings, Saint Martins, Dixie State University, Westminster College (Beginning 2016), Colorado Mesa University, University of Colorado-Colorado Springs, Colorado School of Mines, Metropolitan State College of Denver, Colorado State University- Pueblo, Fort Lewis College, Montana State University- Billings, Northwest Nazarene University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Written Recruiting</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>High (opens the door for them, shows your professionalism)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recruiting Video</td>
<td>None to High</td>
<td>Medium to High (depends on the quality of video and individual coach preferences)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### NCAA D3
- No athletic scholarships available
- Medium amount of travel
- Colorado College, University of Redlands, University of LaVerne, Claremont-Mudd-Scripts, Linfield College, George Fox University, Occidental, Whitworth, Whitman, Warner Pacific, La Verne, Willamette, Pacific Lutheran, Pacific, Puget Sound, Pomona Pitzer, Cal Lutheran, Whittier, Chapman, UC Santa Cruz

### NAIA
- Athletic Scholarships available (Fully funded = 12)
- Medium amount of travel
- Carroll College, University of Great Falls, Johnson and Wales, Evergreen State, Southern Oregon University,

### NJCAA (Junior College)
- Athletic Scholarships available (Fully Funded = 18)
- Medium amount of travel
- Utah State University- Eastern, Northwest College, Otero Junior College, Trinidad State Junior College, Clark College, Iowa Western Community College

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**College Soccer Programs in the United States**

[http://scholarshipstats.com/soccer.html](http://scholarshipstats.com/soccer.html)

The above link has a list of every men’s and women’s college soccer program in the United States. The chart is sorted by each state so it is simple to scroll through. For each program, it also lists the level of play (NCAA DI, DII, DIII, NAIA, NJCAA), roster size, average athletic scholarship per player between all sports the school offers, annual tuition and fees for in-state and out-of-state, room and board costs, average amount of financial aid assistance, average SAT Math scores for admittance and the percentage rate of admittance out of all that apply. The information is from the 2014 year. This website is a very useful resource when players are trying to build their list of schools they are interested in.
How to pick your school? 4 Keys to Consider:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Academic</th>
<th>Athletic</th>
<th>Social</th>
<th>Financial</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ● Programs offered  
● Class sizes  
● Academic quality | ● Competition level and your level  
● Coaching  
● Commitment Level  
● Number of out-of-state players on roster | ● Size of campus/school  
● Distance from home  
● School environment | ● Scholarships and guarantees  
● Tuition, room/board, additional costs/real cost |

Some Basic Recruiting Rules

The following chart explains some basic recruiting rules for each division of a 4-year college/university. A 2-year Junior College has far less rules to follow as far as contact periods. Also, a 2-year Junior College is recruiting larger numbers of players each year due to the time period a player is a part of the program before they graduate with their Associate’s Degree.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Sophomore YR</th>
<th>Junior YR</th>
<th>Senior YR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Recruiting Materials</strong></td>
<td>You may receive brochures for camps and questionnaires</td>
<td>You may begin receiving recruiting materials Sept 1 of your JR Year</td>
<td>All recruiting materials are allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A Coach may begin sending you printed recruiting materials Sept 1 of your JR Year</td>
<td>You may receive printed materials at any time</td>
<td>All recruiting materials are allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Telephone Calls</strong></td>
<td>You may make calls to coaches at your expense. College coach cannot call you</td>
<td>You may make calls to coaches at your own expense. College coach may call you once per week starting July 1 after your junior year</td>
<td>A college coach may call you once per week beginning June 15 prior to your Senior Year. You may make calls to the coach at your expense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No limit on number of calls or when they can be made by the college coach. You may make calls to the coach at your expense</td>
<td>No restriction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Off-Campus Contact</strong></td>
<td>No off-campus contact allowed</td>
<td>Off-campus contact is allowed starting July 1 after your Junior Year</td>
<td>Off-campus contact is allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A college coach can have contact with you or your parents/legal guardians off the college’s campus beginning June 15 after your Junior Year. A college coach is limited to three in-person contacts off-campus</td>
<td>No restrictions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Official Visit</strong></td>
<td>No official visits allowed</td>
<td>No official visits are allowed</td>
<td>Official Visits are allowed beginning opening day of classes your Senior Year. You are limited to one official visit per college up to a max of 5 official visits to DI and DII colleges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>You may make official visits starting the opening day of classes your Senior Year. You may make only one official visit per college and up to a max of 5 official visits to DI and DII colleges</td>
<td>You may make official visits starting the opening day of classes your Senior Year. You may make only one official visit per college</td>
<td>No restriction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unofficial Visit</strong></td>
<td>Unlimited</td>
<td>Unlimited</td>
<td>Unlimited</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Academic Eligibility**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>NCAA DI</th>
<th>NCAA DII</th>
<th>NCAA DIII</th>
<th>NAIA</th>
<th>NJCAA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Core Courses</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>By School</td>
<td>By School</td>
<td>HS Graduate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4xEng</td>
<td>3xEng</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3xMath</td>
<td>2xMath</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2xSci</td>
<td>2xSci</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2xSocSci</td>
<td>2xSocSci</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5xExtra</td>
<td>7xExtra</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPA</td>
<td>Min 2.0</td>
<td>Min 2.0</td>
<td>By School</td>
<td>Min 2.0</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAT</td>
<td>Sliding Scale</td>
<td>820</td>
<td>By School</td>
<td>860</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACT</td>
<td>Sliding Scale</td>
<td>68 (sum)</td>
<td>By School</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearinghouse</td>
<td><a href="www.eligibilitycenter.org">website</a></td>
<td><a href="www.eligibilitycenter.org">website</a></td>
<td>None</td>
<td><a href="www.playnaia.org">website</a></td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Student Athlete – Clearinghouse**

- All students who plan on being intercollegiate student-athletes in Division I and II must be certified by the NCAA Initial-Eligibility Clearinghouse at [www.ncaaclearinghouse.net](http://www.ncaaclearinghouse.net).
- Upon Registration, the Clearinghouse determines each student’s eligibility for practice and competition, as well as eligibility to receive athletic scholarships that have been offered by a college coach.
- Clearinghouse only determines whether you meet NCAA or NAIA requirements, it does not guarantee your admission to any school.
- Transcripts will be sent by your high school directly to Clearinghouse.
- Register after your Junior Year.

**NCAA High School Graduation Minimum Requirements**
Division I Academic Standards

Division I schools require you to meet academic standards for NCAA core courses, core-course grade-point average (GPA) and test scores. The standards are changing for students who enroll full time for the first time at a Division I school on or after August 1, 2016.

**If You Enroll BEFORE August 1, 2016**
To be eligible to practice, compete and receive an athletics scholarship in your first full-time year at a Division I school, you must graduate high school and meet ALL the following requirements:

1. Complete 16 NCAA core courses:
   - Four years of English;
   - Three years of math (Algebra 1 or higher);
   - Two years of natural/physical science (including one year of lab science if your high school offers it);
   - Two years of social science;
   - One additional year of English, math or natural/physical science; and
   - Four additional years of English, math, natural/physical science, social science, foreign language, comparative religion or philosophy.

2. Earn at least a 2.0 GPA in your core courses.

3. Earn an SAT combined score or ACT sum score that matches your core-course GPA on the Division I sliding scale.

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**If You Enroll AFTER August 1, 2016**
To be eligible to practice, compete and receive athletics scholarships in your first full-time year at a Division I school, you must graduate high school and meet ALL the following requirements:

1. Complete 16 NCAA core courses:
   - Four years of English;
   - Three years of math (Algebra 1 or higher);
   - Two years of natural/physical science (including one year of lab science if your high school offers it);
   - Two years of social science;
   - One additional year of English, math or natural/physical science; and
   - Four additional years of English, math, natural/physical science, social science, foreign language, comparative religion or philosophy.

2. Complete 10 core courses, including seven in English, math or natural/physical science, before the start of your seventh semester. Once you begin your seventh semester, you may not repeat or replace any of those 10 courses for GPA improvement.

3. Earn at least a 2.3 GPA in your core courses.

4. Earn an SAT combined score or ACT sum score that matches your core-course GPA on the Division I sliding scale for students enrolling on or after August 1, 2016.
Division II Academic Standards

Division II schools require college-bound student-athletes to meet academic standards for NCAA core courses, core-course grade-point average (GPA) and test scores. The standards are changing for students who enroll full time for the first time at a Division II school on or after August 1, 2018.

**If You Enroll BEFORE August 1, 2018**
To be eligible to practice, compete and receive an athletics scholarship in your first full-time year at a Division II school, you must graduate high school and meet ALL the following requirements:

1. Complete 16 core courses:
   - Three years of English;
   - Two years of math (Algebra 1 or higher);
   - Two years of natural or physical science (including one year of lab science if your high school offers it); and
   - Two years of social science;
   - Three additional years of English, math or natural or physical science; and
   - Four additional years of English, math, natural or physical science, social science, foreign language, comparative religion or philosophy.

2. Earn at least a 2.0 GPA in your core courses.

3. Earn an SAT combined score of 820 or an ACT sum score of 68.

**If You Enroll AFTER August 1, 2018**
To be eligible to practice, compete and receive an athletics scholarship in your first full-time year at a Division II school, you must graduate high school and meet ALL the following requirements:

1. Complete 16 core courses:
   - Three years of English;
   - Two years of math (Algebra 1 or higher);
   - Two years of natural or physical science (including one year of lab science if your high school offers it); and
   - Two years of social science;
   - Three additional years of English, math or natural or physical science; and
   - Four additional years of English, math, natural or physical science, social science, foreign language, comparative religion or philosophy.

2. Earn at least a 2.2 GPA in your core courses.

3. Earn an SAT combined score or ACT sum score that matches your core-course GPA on the Division II competition sliding scale.

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**How to plan your high school courses to meet the 16 core-course requirement:**

4 X 4 = 16

- 4 English courses (one per year)
- + 4 math courses (one per year)
- + 4 science courses (one per year)
- + 4 social science (and/or additional) courses (one per year)

16 NCAA core courses
NAIA Eligibility Requirements
Incoming Freshmen and JC Transfers

An NAIA Student:
● May compete during four seasons
● May compete during first 10 semesters (15 quarters)
● Must be enrolled in a minimum of 12 credit hours
● Must meet freshman and/or continuing eligibility rules

Freshman Eligibility (must meet 2 of the following 3 criteria)
● 18 on ACT or 860 on SAT (Critical Reading and Math only)
● 2.0 overall High School GPA
● Top 50% of High School graduating class

Transfer Students
● Must “sit out” 16 weeks (112 calendar days) unless...
● Only attended a 2-year college previously
● Or never competed at previous four-year institution
● Or 2.0 and written “release” from previous four-year institution

Sample Cover Letter
Dear (Coach’s Name):
Based on my research in preparation for choosing a college, (name of college) has both an excellent reputation, and the types of academic and athletic programs I hope to pursue after graduation from high school.

The enclosed resume details my academic standing and Soccer experience. I am currently a junior, with a GPA of __ on a 4.0 scale, and taking college preparatory classes with an emphasis on (list core courses). The strength and variety of courses of the (name of college) provide several degree plans of interest to me, although I have not yet decided on a specific major area of study.

More specifically, your Soccer Program is of primary interest to me. I believe my skills and abilities would fit well into your program, and enable me to contribute to the success of the (team name) while continuing to develop my Soccer talents under your style of play.

I would like to pursue all available means of financial aid, and I believe my academic standing should qualify me for scholarship assistance.

Thank you for any consideration you can give me as a future (team name). Please send me information on your program, and any suggestions you may have on how to best prepare for attendance at (name of school) in the fall of (your grad year).

Sincerely,
(Your Name)

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**Rules to Remember:**
- Punctuation and Grammar
- Add any personalization from your knowledge of the program/school/coaching staff
- Brief and to the point

**Sources and Informational Websites**
Useful Websites

College Athletics
- www.ncaa.org (Home site of NCAA)
- www.ncaaclearinghouse.net (NCAA information on eligibility and online application)
- www.naia.org (NAIA Athletics)
- www.playnaia.org (NAIA Clearinghouse)

Standardized Testing and Test Prep
- www.collegeboard.com (College Board search tool- SAT)
- www.actstudent.org (ACT)
- www.testprepreview.com (Free Test Prep)
- http://number2.com (Free Test Prep)
- www.powerprep.com (Free and Fee Based test service)

College Applications and Information
- www.commonapp.org (Common Application for Private Colleges)

Scholarships and Financial Aid
- www.fafsa.gov (FAFSA online)
- www.finaid.org (General Financial Aid Information)
- www.finaid.org/finaid/calculators/estimate.html (EFC Calculator)
- www.fastweb.com (Scholarship Search)
- www.scholarships.com (Scholarship Search)